and that it is fully capable of resuming the activities carried out under the delegation. Upon receipt of the petition, the following actions shall be taken:

- (1) The authorized officer, after review of the petition, may recommend approval of the reinstatement but shall provide proof that the deficiencies have been corrected and that the State is fully capable of carrying out the delegation.
- (2) The Director shall review the petition and the recommendation of the authorized officer and may approve the reinstatement of a delegation upon a determination that the findings of the authorized officer are acceptable.

§3191.4 Standards of delegation.

- (a) The Director shall establish minimum standards to be used by a State in carrying out activities established in the delegation.
- (b) The delegation shall identify functions, if any, that are to be carried out jointly.
- (c) A delegation shall be made in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- (d) Copies of delegations shall be on file in the Washington Office of the Bureau and shall be available for public inspection.

§3191.5 Delegation for Indian lands.

§3191.5-1 Indian lands included in delegation.

- (a) No activity under a delegation made under this subpart may be carried out on Indian lands without the written permission of the affected Indian tribe or allottee.
- (b) A State requesting a delegation involving Indian lands shall provide, as evidence of permission, a written agreement signed by an appropriate official(s) of the Indian tribe for tribal lands, or by the individual allottee(s) or their representative(s) for allotted lands. The agreement shall at a minimum specify the type and extent of activities to be carried out by the State under the agreement, and provisions for State access to carry out the specified activities.
- (c) Delegations covering Indian lands shall be separate from delegations covering Federal lands.

§ 3191.5-2 Indian lands withdrawn from delegation.

- (a) When an Indian tribe or allottee withdraws permission for a State to conduct inspection and related activities on its lands, the Indian tribe or allottee shall provide written notice of its withdrawal of permission to the State.
- (b) Immediately upon receipt of a notice of withdrawal of permission, the State shall provide written notification of said notice to the authorized officer, who immediately shall take all necessary action to provide for inspection and enforcement activities on the affected Indian lands.
- (c) No later than 120 days after receipt of a notice of withdrawal of permission draw from an Indian tribe or allottee, the delegation on the lands covered by the notice shall terminate.
- (d) Upon termination of a delegation covering Indian lands, appropriate changes in funding shall be made by the authorized officer.

Subpart 3192—Cooperative Agreements

Source: 62 FR 49586, Sept. 22, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§3192.1 What is a cooperative agreement?

- (a) A cooperative agreement is a contract between the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and a Tribe or State to conduct inspection, investigation, or enforcement activities on producing Indian Tribal or allotted oil and gas leases.
- (b) BLM will enter into a cooperative agreement with a State to inspect oil and gas leases on Indian lands only with the permission of the Tribe with jurisdiction over the lands.

§ 3192.2 Who may apply for a cooperative agreement with BLM to conduct oil and gas inspections?

(a) The Tribal chairperson, or other authorized official, of a Tribe with producing oil or gas leases, or agreements under the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101 *et seq.*), may apply for a cooperative agreement with BLM for Indian lands under the Tribe's jurisdiction.

§3192.3

- (b) Tribes may join together to apply for a multi-tribe cooperative agreement.
- (c) The Governor of a State having a Tribal resolution from the Tribe with jurisdiction over the Indian lands, permitting the Governor to enter into a cooperative agreement, may apply for a cooperative agreement with BLM.

§ 3192.3 What must a Tribe or State include in its application for a cooperative agreement?

- (a) To apply for a cooperative agreement you must complete—
- (1) Standard Form 424, Application for Federal Assistance;
- (2) Standard Form 424A, Budget Information—Non-Construction Programs; and
- (3) Standard Form 424B, Assurances—Non-Construction Programs.
- (b) You must describe the type and extent of oil and gas inspection, enforcement, and investigative activities proposed under the agreement and the period of time the proposed agreement will be in effect (See section 11 of Standard Form 424).
- (c) You may include allotted lands under an agreement with the written consent of all allottees or their heirs. BLM will ask the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) to verify that the Tribe or State has obtained all of the necessary signatures to commit 100 percent of each individual tract of allotted lands to the agreement.

§ 3192.4 What is the term of a cooperative agreement?

Cooperative agreements can be in effect for a period from 1 to 5 years from the effective date of the agreement, as set out in the agreement.

§ 3192.5 How do I modify a cooperative agreement?

You may modify a cooperative agreement by having all parties to the agreement consent to the change in writing. If the agreement is with a State, and the modification would affect the duration or scope of the agreement, then the State must obtain the written consent of the affected Tribe and/or allottee or heir.

§3192.6 How will BLM evaluate my request for proprietary data?

BLM will evaluate Tribal or State requests for proprietary data on a case-by-case basis according to the requirements of §3190.1 of this part.

§3192.7 What must I do with Federal assistance I receive?

You must use Federal assistance that you receive only for costs incurred which are directly related to the activities carried out under the cooperative agreement.

§3192.8 May I subcontract activities in the agreement?

You must obtain BLM's written approval before you subcontract any activities in the agreement with the exception of financial audits of program funds that are required by the Single Audit Act of 1984 (31 U.S.C. 7501 *et seq.*).

§ 3192.9 What terms must a cooperative agreement contain?

The cooperative agreement must—

- (a) State its purpose, objective, and authority;
- (b) Define terms used in the agreement;
 - (c) Describe the Indian lands covered;
- (d) Describe the roles and responsibilities of BLM and the Tribe or State;
- (e) Describe the activities the Tribe or State will carry out;
- (f) Define the minimum performance standards to evaluate Tribal or State performance;
 - (g) Include provisions to-
- (1) Protect proprietary data, as provided in §3190.1 of this part;
- (2) Prevent conflict of interest, as provided in §3192.14(d);
- (3) Share civil penalties, as provided in §3192.11; and
 - (4) Terminate the agreement;
- (h) List BLM and Tribal or State contacts:
- (i) Avoid duplication of effort between BLM and the Tribe or State when conducting inspections;
 - (j) List schedules for—
 - (1) Inspection activities;
- (2) Training of Tribal or State inspectors:
- (3) Periodic reviews and meetings;
- (k) Specify the limit on the dollar amount of Federal funding;